## Unit

33	Should 1
A	You should do something = it is a good thing to do or the right thing to do. You can use should to give advice or to give an opinion:  You look tired. You should go to bed. The government should do more to reduce crime. Should we invite Susan to the party? 'Yes, I think we should.'
	We often use should with I think / I don't think / Do you think ?:  I think the government should do more to reduce crime.  I don't think you should work so hard.  'Do you think I should apply for this job?' 'Yes, I think you should.'
	You shouldn't do something = it isn't a good thing to do:  \[ You shouldn't believe everything you read in the newspapers.]
	Should is not as strong as must or have to:  You should apologise. (= it would be a good thing to do) You must apologise. / You have to apologise. (= you have no alternative)
В	You can use should when something is not right or what you expect:  I wonder where Tina is. She should be here by now.  (= she isn't here yet, and this is not normal)  The price on this packet is wrong. It should be £2.50, not £3.50.  That man on the motorbike should be wearing a helmet.
	We also use should to say that we expect something to happen:  She's been studying hard for the exam, so she should pass. (= I expect her to pass)  There are plenty of hotels in the town. It shouldn't be difficult to find somewhere to stay. (= I don't expect it to be difficult)
С	You should have done something = you didn't do it, but it would have been the right thing to do:  \[ \textstyle \text{You missed a great party last night. You should have come. Why didn't you?} \]  (= you didn't come, but it would have been good to come)  \[ \textstyle \text{I wonder why they're so late. They should have arrived long ago.} \]
	You shouldn't have done something = you did it, but it was the wrong thing to do:  I'm feeling sick. I shouldn't have eaten so much. (= I ate too much)  She shouldn't have been listening to our conversation. It was private.  (= she was listening)
	Compare should (do) and should have (done):  You look tired. You should go to bed now.  You went to bed very late last night. You should have gone to bed earlier.
D	Ought to
	You can use ought to instead of should in the sentences on this page. We say 'ought to do' (with to):  Do you think I ought to apply for this job? (= Do you think I should apply?)  Jack ought not to go to bed so late. (= Jack shouldn't go)  It was a great party last night. You ought to have come.
	She's been studying hard for the exam, so she ought to pass.

Exercises Unit 33

33.1	For each situation, write a sentence with should or shouldn't + the following:
	go away for a few days go to bed so late look for another job use her car so much
	1 Liz needs a change. She should go away for a few days.
	2 Your salary is very low. You
	3 Jack always has difficulty getting up. He
	4 What a beautiful view! You
	5 Sue drives everywhere. She never walks. She
	6 Bill's room isn't very interesting.
33.2	Read the situations and write sentences with I think/I don't think should
	1 Peter and Cathy are planning to get married. You think it's a bad idea. I don't think they should get married.
	2 Jane has a bad cold but plans to go out this evening. You don't think this is a good idea. You say to her:
	3 Peter needs a job. He's just seen an advertisement for a job which you think would be ideal for him, but he's not sure whether to apply or not. You say to him: I think
	4 The government wants to increase taxes, but you don't think this is a good idea.
33.3	Complete the sentences with should (have) + the verb in brackets.
	1 Diane should pass the exam. She's been studying very hard. (pass)
	2 You missed a great party last night. You should have come . (come)
	3 We don't see you enough. You and see us more often. (come)
	4 I'm in a difficult position. What do you think I ? (do)
	5 I'm sorry that I didn't take your advice. I what you said. (do)
	6 I'm playing tennis with Jane tomorrow. She she's much better than me. (win)
	7 We lost the match, but we We were the better team. (win)
	8 'Is Mike here yet?' 'Not yet, but he here soon.' (be)
	9 I posted the letter three days ago, so it by now. (arrive)
	Read the situations and write sentences with should/shouldn't. Some of the sentences are past and some are present.
	1 I'm feeling sick. I ate too much. I shouldn't have eaten so much.
	2 That man on the motorbike isn't wearing a helmet. That's dangerous.  He should be wearing a helmet.
	3 When we got to the restaurant, there were no free tables. We hadn't reserved one. We
	4 The notice says that the shop is open every day from 8.30. It is 9 o'clock now, but the shop isn't open yet.
	5 The speed limit is 30 miles an hour, but Kate is doing 50. She
	6 Laura gave me her address, but I didn't write it down. Now I can't remember it. 1
	7 I was driving behind another car. Suddenly, the driver in front stopped without warning and I drove into the back of his car. It wasn't my fault. The driver in front
	8 I walked into a wall. I was looking behind me. I wasn't looking where I was going.